Reducing Health Inequity in Indonesia
500 Trillion Rp of health expenditure (around 3.5% GDP)
Weak tax-system and low government health budget
Health Human Resources and Inequity
A centralized Health Insurance in a Decentralized Health System
Double Burden of Disease and weak healthy lifestyle regulation
Limited Quality Control in Health Care
Increasing GDP and Promising Private Sector Funding
Central and Local Government, Political attention to Health Care
Better Health Insurance Schemes
Community Initiatives for improving Healthy lifestyle