

Leadership & Innovation in Healthcare

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So, what exactly does that mean?



1GR

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Live Better Elec

Electro-Acupuncture







Cardiac Electrophysiology

(a specialty of cardiology that deals just with heart rhythm disorders)

In the past half-century, we have made huge advances in heart disease



Heart Disease Still #1 Cause of Death in U.S.



4 reasons why heart disease mortality remains #1

THE ROANOKE TIMES Monday, September 20, 2004

- Obesity caus
- Cigarette sm
- Aging popula
- Genetics



Mellisa Williamson, 35, a Bullitt Avenue resident, worries about the effect on her unborn child from the sound of jackhammers.

4 reasons why heart disease mortality is *improving*

• Diet, exercise



4 reasons why heart disease mortality is *improving*

- Diet, exercise
- Statins
- Stents



4 reasons why heart disease mortality is *improving*

- Diet, exercise
- Statins
- Stents
- Defibrillators





Cardiac Implanted Electrical Devices (CIEDs)

- Pacemakers
- Defibrillators (ICD)



One Inc

Over 50 years of progress

30 Years of ICD Implants by Year 1986-2016



Mortality Benefits in All ICD Trials



⁴ Moss AJ. Presented before ACC 51st Annual Scientific Sessions, Late Breaking Clinical Trials, March 19, 2002.

⁵ The AVID Investigators. *N Engl J Med.* 1997;337:1576-83.



If Implanted Defibrillators are so great, shouldn't we all get one?



To prevent heart disease, which is more important to know Cholesterol? Ejection fraction?



With the advent of statin therapy and angioplasty, marketing focused on cholesterol

AHA/ACC and industry partnership What do your levels mean? **Body Mass Index** Total cholesterol < 200 Biodul Pressure < 120/80 BM HDL cholesterol < 200 Biodul Pressure < 120/80 BM HDL cholesterol > 50 Body Mass Index LDL cholesterol < 100 Blood Sugar < 100 Body Mass Index: 18.5 - 24.9 ī Cholesterol Heart Foundation Total cholesterol < 200 Cholesterol is a type of fat ≈75% ≈25% Blood Sugar < 100 Blood Pressure < 120/80 that circulates in your blood and performs a number is produced comes from Triglycerides < 150^{HOL obstreturel > 50} Bined Frances - 12040 LDL cholesterol < 100 what you eat of important functions Blood Sugar < 100 NDC 0071-0157-23 Rx only HDL cholesterol > 50 90 Tablets (40) Lipitor[®] estero (atorvastatin calcium) tablets Extra cholesterol can build up 40 mg* in your body. Having too much Scrinns in your bloodstream can increase your risk of a heart attack or stroke Piner Parke-Davis spital wit a heart attac Cholesterol can build up and narrow your arteries Many people are unaware they have A clot in a narrowed artery can high cholesterol. The only way to cause a heart attack or stroke find out is to have a blood test Cholesterol is only one of the risk factors for heart attack and stroke. Ask your health professional what your overall risk is

EF = Ejection Fraction

the percentage of blood pumped out with each heartbeat

Low EF (Cardiomyopathy)

Normal echo





EF = 65%

EF = 15%

MADIT

Multicenter Automatic Defibrillator Implantation Trial

The New England Journal of Medicine

Probability of Surviva

VOLUME 335

DE IMPROVED SURVIVAL WITH AN WITH CORONARY DISEASE AT H

O Copyright, 1996.

ARTHUR J. MOSS, M.D., W. JACKSON HALL STEVEN L. HIGGINS, M.D., HELMUT KLEIN ALSERT L. WALDO, M.D., DAVID WILBER, N FOR THE MULTICENTER AUTOMATIC

ABSTRACT

Background Unsustained ventricular tachy in patients with previous myocardial infarctic left ventricular dysfunction is associated with year mortality rate of about 30 percent. We s whether prophylactic therapy with an implant dioverter-defibrillator, as compared with conv al medical therapy, would improve survival high-risk group of patients.

Methods Over the course of five years, 1 11.





Why do people with low EF die suddenly?



Reentrant Ventricular Tachycardia around scar

Why do people with low EF die suddenly?



The Latest in Device Therapy Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy CRT



Next: without open heart surgery *Transvenous* biventricular pacing

2nd Patient in World at Scripps, 2002



Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy Technique for Transvenous Approach



Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy (CRT) Works with pacemaker or defibrillator



Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy (CRT) Works with pacemaker or defibrillator

In selected patients, CRT:

- Improves EF an average of 5%, some back to normal
- Improves activity an average of 1 NYHA class
- Decreases mortality, even with just the pacemaker version

So why don't we all get a "bivent" device? Only works if low EF *and* wide QRS (bundle branch block) Journal of the American College of Cardiology © 2003 by the American College of Cardiology Foundation Published by Elsevier Inc. Vol. 42, No. 8, 2003 ISSN 0735-1097/03/\$30.00 doi:10.1016/S0735-1097(03)01042-8

Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy for the Treatment of Heart Failure in Patients With Intraventricular Conduction Delay and Malignant Ventricular Tachyarrhythmias

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La Jolla and San Francisco, California; Columbus, Ohio; Milwaukee, Wisconsin; Davenport, Iowa; Lancaster and Hershey, Pennsylvania; Durham, North Carolina; and St. Paul, Minnesota

OBJECTIVES	This study was conducted to assess the safety and effectiveness of cardiac resynchronization	244
adel: 0125 E	therapy (CRT) when combined with an implantable cardioverter defibrillator (ICD).	
BACKGROUND	Long-term outcome of CRT was measured in patients with symptomatic heart failure (HF),	
	intraventricular conduction delay, and malignant ventricular tachyarrhythmias (ventricular tachycardia/ventricular fibrillation [VT/VF]) requiring therapy from an ICD.	
METHODS	Patients ($n = 490$) were implanted with a device canable of providing both CRT and ICD	
	therapy and randomized to CRT ($n = 245$) or control (no CRT, $n = 245$) for up to six	
	months. The primary end point was progression of HE defined as all-cause montality	
	hospitalization for HF and VTAF requiring device integration Secondary and points	
	included peak outpeak competence included peak of the second seco	
	According (NVHA) does construction (VO_2), o-thin wark (o VVV), New Tork Heart	
DECIN TO	A sociation (NTTA) class, quanty of me (OOL), and echocardiographic analysis.	
RESULTS and third ba and batach article batach arti	A 15% reduction in FIF progression was observed, but this was statistically insignificant ($p =$	
	0.35). The CRT, however, significantly improved peak VO_2 (0.8 ml/kg/min vs. 0.0	
	ml/kg/min, $p = 0.030$) and 6 MW (35 m vs. 15 m, $p = 0.043$). Changes in NYHA class (p	
	= 0.10) and QOL ($p = 0.40$) were not statistically significant. The CRT demonstrated	
	significant reductions in ventricular dimensions (left ventricular internal diameter in diastole	
	= -3.4 mm vs. -0.3 mm, p < 0.001 and left ventricular internal diameter in systole $= -4.0$	
	mm vs. -0.7 mm, $p < 0.001$) and improvement in left ventricular ejection fraction (5.1% vs.	
	2.8% $p = 0.020$ A subgroup of patients with advanced HF (NYHA class III/IV)	
	consistently demonstrated improvement across all functional status and points	
CONCLUSIONS	The OPT improved for the second states of the Second Secon	
CONCLUSIONS	The CRT improved functional status in patients indicated for an ICD who also have	
	symptomatic rif and intraventricular conduction delay. () Am Coll Cardiol 2003;42:	
	1454-9) (C) 2003 by the American College of Cardiology Foundation	

Heart failure (HF) is a syndrome that affects an estimated five million Americans, with 400,000 to 700,000 new cases annually (1). Frequently, life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias may also accompany this condition (2). Heart

See page 1460

failure may be compounded in patients with intraventricular

indications and specific therapy for HF, the term "cardiac resynchronization therapy" (CRT) will be used to describe the therapy provided by these implanted systems.

Published studies suggest that short-term improvements in hemodynamics (5,6) and long-term improvements in functional status are possible with CRT (7–9). Previously published studies have been restricted to patients with symptomatic HF but without conventional indications for an



Preclinical

ww.onlinejacc.org

Legend. Newly designed valved nitinol stent for atrioventricular valves explanted after one month from ventrienlar (A) and atrial (B) views. Sce page 364.



Percutaneous Tricuspid Valve Replacement

ELSEVIER

Contak CD Trial Results

Primary Endpoint HF Progression Index



Modified from Higgins et al. JACC 2003:42:1454-1459.

So, who should get this new technology?



So, who should get this new technology? INDICATIONS

Pacemaker

 Slow heart rate with symptoms
 (pulse below 30 or 3 second or more pause)

 Biventricular Pacemaker (cardiac resynchronization therapy)

 Above plus EF below 50 (normal 55-70) and plus wide EKG complex (over 120 msec)

 Implantable defibrillator

 EF below 35%, that's it!

 Biventricular Defibrillator (Lexus)

 Above plus wide EKG QRS complex (over 120 msec)

Cardiology Simplified



DICK CHENEY has no heartbeat. That might sound like the punch line to a political joke

1978 1st of 5 heart attacks, beginning at age 37
1988 Quadruple bypass surgery after 3rd heart attack
2001 (March) At least his 8th cardiac cath and stent
2001 (June) First ICD

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2007 ICD upgraded to biventricular device (with WiFi feature disabled)

2010 Artificial heart pump inserted, called LVAD (Left Ventricular Assist Device)

2012 Heart transplant, removing old heart, stents, ICD and leads


"We implant this behind your left ear and you won't even know it's there." Live Better Electrically Current Trends in EP (EP = ElectroPhysiology = heart rhythm management)

2 Basic EP procedures to help you:
– Devices (pacemakers, defibrillators)
– Ablation (catheter based treatment)



Radio Frequency Catheter Ablation





Arrhythmias Treated With Ablation



Approximate Success Rate

- SVT (supraventricular tach) 95%
- Atrial flutter 95%
- WPW 95%
- Some ventricular tachycardias 90%
- Atrial Fibrillation (AF) 60%

The Normal Heartbeat



The "Soul" of the Heart Where most arrhythmias begin



A person's life changed forever in one heartbeat



RF Ablation, 40 watts, first attempt, left lateral pathway

How To Do An Ablation in 3 Easy Steps

Step 1. Find an EP doc to put in catheters





How To Do An Ablation in 3 Easy Steps

Step 2. Reproduce and map the arrhythmia





How To Do An Ablation in 3 Easy Steps

Step 3. Ablate, ablate, ablate





Cold (Cryo)

Heat (RF)





CTI Line for Atrial Flutter



Atrial Fibrillation





Atrial Fibrillation



12V

Why treat AF?

Thromboembolism – A Devastating Risk





51

Why treat AF?

To Prevent a Stroke!





52

Why treat AF?

To Prevent a Stroke!



What is your risk of stroke with AF?

CHADSVASc score

- The score equals your chance of having a stroke in % per year
- The average person is <1%
- 2 or more points, usually results in recommendation to begin a daily anticoagulant

CHADS-VASc Risk	Score
Heart Failure or LVEF <u><</u> 40%	1
Hypertension	1
Age <u>></u> 75	1+1
Diabetes	1
Stroke/TIA/ Thromboembolism	2
Vascular Disease	1
Age 65 - 74	1
Female	1



How to treat AF? Cardioversion on meds



How to treat AF? Catheter Ablation



Ablation and Mapping Catheters for AF





Live Better Electrically

Cool New Treatments in EP

Pacemaker/Defibrillator Advances





Leadless Pacemakers

Leadless Pacemaker

- Single chamber pacemaker
 - Battery lasts 15-25 years
 - No lead or surgical scar



Robotic assisted ablation procedures

- Here today at Scripps La Jolla, SPCI
- 2 Robots available Amigo, Hansen



Artificial Heart, LVAD (Left Ventricular Assist Device)









Noninvasive Cardiac Ablation?











Live Better Electrically

So, what is so great about Scripps?



Organised by





#19 Nationwide in Cardiology and Heart Surgery again (3rd year in top 20) The only SD hospital ever to be top 20

- Reputation score
- Survival
- Patient safety
- High risk patient volume
- Nurse staffing, Magnet recognition
- Advanced technologies
- Key patient services
- Trauma center
- Intensivist staffing





SPCI = Scripps Prebys Cardiovascular Institute









Scripps Prebys Cardiovascular Institute

San Diego's first free standing heart hospital

- Completed, opened on SMH-LJ campus, March 2015
- Over 350,000 SF; 8 floors
- 167 cardiac patient rooms (59 CCU)
- New cath labs, EP labs and cardiac operating rooms
- Combined expertise of Scripps-LJ, Scripps Clinic, other Scripps
- New Outpatient AMP opened June 1, 2016
- \$610 Million for SPCI/AMP/ER; Donations:
 - \$105 M for SPCI (Prebys +)
 - \$20 M for ER & Trauma Center
 - Total of \$154 M for cardiac campaign






Scripps EP Program

- 6 EP Labs (plus 7 cath labs + 2 hybrid)
 - More EP Labs than anywhere west of the Mississippi
 - Volume = Quality
- Nearly 4000 EP studies a year
- 16 EP docs
- Investigational Trials
- Experienced Staff





Prebys Cardiovascular Institute







Live Better Electrically To learn more about EP:

Shameless plug for new book



Steven L. Higgins, MD, FHRS Chairman, Cardiology • Director, Electrophysiology • Scripps Hospital, La Jolla, CA

Paperback: Amazon, Barnes & Noble EPUB: Amazon, iTunes Website order www.BookLiveBetterElectrically.com Fung Summit affiliates use discount "LBE2" to save \$5 off cost of \$30



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